

PRIVATE INFORMATION LEAKAGE FROM POLYGENIC RISK SCORES

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SUMMARY

Polygenic Risk Scores (PRSs) are a popular clinical tool for the estimation of an individual's genetic susceptibility to diseases. We show that a profit-seeking actor, e.g., an insurance company, can recover the associated genotypes from publicly shared PRSs and use them to either de-anonymize individuals or infer sensitive traits of known patients.

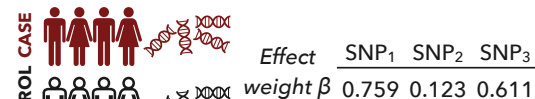
BACKGROUND



Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms (SNPs)

G 0 1 0 1 2 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 0 2 2 0
Genotypes as the difference count from the reference

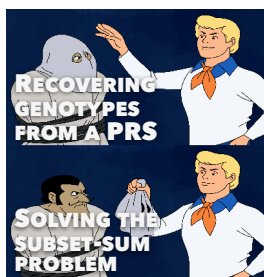
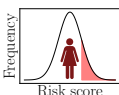
GENOME-WIDE ASSOCIATION STUDIES



$$PRS = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^N \beta_i \times G_i}{\text{Ploidy} \times N}$$

PRS example

##POLYGENIC SCORE (PGS) INFORMATION									
#pgs_id=PGS000073									
#trait_reported=Cervical cancer									
#variants_number=10									
#weight_type=log(OR)									
rsID	chr_name	chr_position	effect	other.	effect_weight				
rs3130196	6	33063219	C	T	0.3576744442718159				
rs3132461	6	31480668	G	A	0.3074846997479607				
rs2523557	6	31331257	G	A	-0.35065687161316933				



PRS=1.967

g1 g2 g3 g4 g5 g6
? ? ? ? ? ?

ID	weight
1	$\beta_1=0.374$
2	$\beta_2=0.253$
3	$\beta_3=0.399$
4	$\beta_4=0.755$
5	$\beta_5=0.531$
6	$\beta_6=0.414$

① Split in half and calculate all the subset sums $\leq$ PRS

② Find pairs of sums that add up to PRS

③ Backtrack the sums to find solution weights

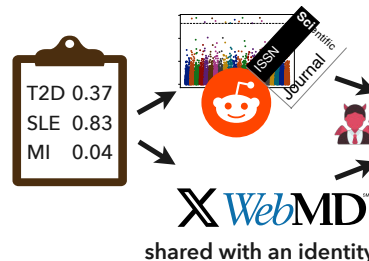
④ Rank solutions based on their likelihood

SOLVING A PRS PANEL VIA PRS CHAINING

PRS	1	2	0	0	1	2	1	0	1	2
PRS ₁										
PRS ₂	1			0						2
PRS ₃	1		0	0		2	1			2
ALL SNPs	1	2	0	0	1	2	1	0	1	2

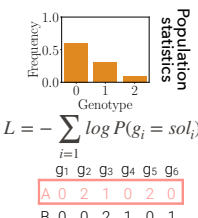
RISK SCENARIOS

de-identified / anonymous sharing



GENOTYPE RECOVERY

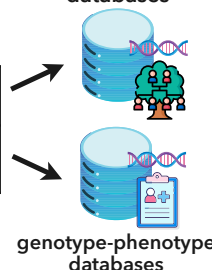
Given a PRS, we need to find how many times it includes each effect weight β
➔ Use dynamic programming and population statistics



$$L = - \sum_{i=1}^n \log P(g_i = sol_i)$$

g1 g2 g3 g4 g5 g6
A 0 2 1 0 2 0
B 0 0 2 1 0 1

genetic genealogy databases

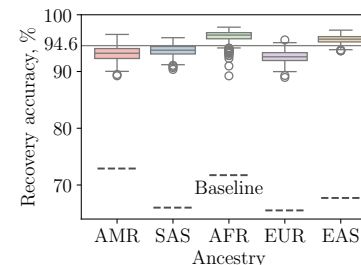


Target person	✓
Name, Lastname	✓
Genetic relatives	✓
Name, Lastname	✓
relationship degree	✓
Name, Lastname	✓
Major Depressive Disorder	✗
Substance Use Disorder	✓

De-anonymize Condition disclosure

EVALUATION

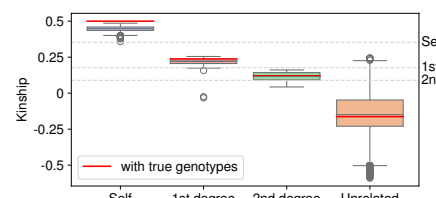
GENOTYPE RECOVERY ACCURACY



- Panel of 298 PRSs (2 to 49 SNPs) 4,821 SNPs total, 2,654 unique
- 2,535 genome samples from the 1000 Genomes Project
- We calculate PRSs and then attempt to recover genotypes
- 2,600 guessed SNPs on average

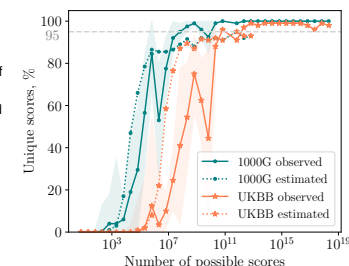
At least 454 out of 4,723 PRS models in the PGS Catalog are vulnerable to genotype recovery

GENEALOGY DATABASE SEARCH



- 68 samples with 1st or 2nd kins
- 100% accuracy identifying individuals and >80% accuracy identifying relatives

DATASET LINKING



In the UK Biobank dataset with 500K samples, a PRS model with 27 SNPs leads to 95% unique scores